



Hydrogen Production and Storage



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www.hydrogen.bham.ac.uk

University of Birmingham Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Research

Chemical Engineering	Metallurgy & Materials	Chemistry	Electrical, Electronic & Computer Engineering	Economics
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Dr. B.G. Pollet PEMFC, Electrocatalysts, Electrochem, MEA, Stack, System Integration www.polletresearch.com	Dr. A. Walton Solid-state Hydrogen, Storage Materials & Hydrogen Processing of Materials	Prof. J.A. Preece Nanomaterials for Fuel Cells	Mechanical Engineering	Geography, Earth & Environmental Sciences
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Dr. J. Wood Catalysis	Dr. J.D. Speight Hydrogen Separation Membranes	Prof. C. Greaves Cathode Materials for SOFC	Prof. M.L. Wyszynski Hydrogen Engines	Physics
Drs. G. Leeke & R. Santos Hydrogen production & Biorefining of Biomass using Supercritical Water		Biosciences	Social Policy	Prof. R. E. Palmer Hydrogen Production via Photocatalysis
Dr Bushra Al-Duri Hydrogen production using Supercritical Water Gasification	Dr. A.J. Davenport Corrosion of Metallic Bipolar Plates	Prof. L. Macaskie & Dr. M. Redwood Bio-Hydrogen Production	Drs. S. Connor & D. Toke Communication and Legitimacy of Policy	Mathematics

(1) Hydrogen Production

Efficient Bio-H₂



Clean Power

H₂



Sugars

Dark fermentation



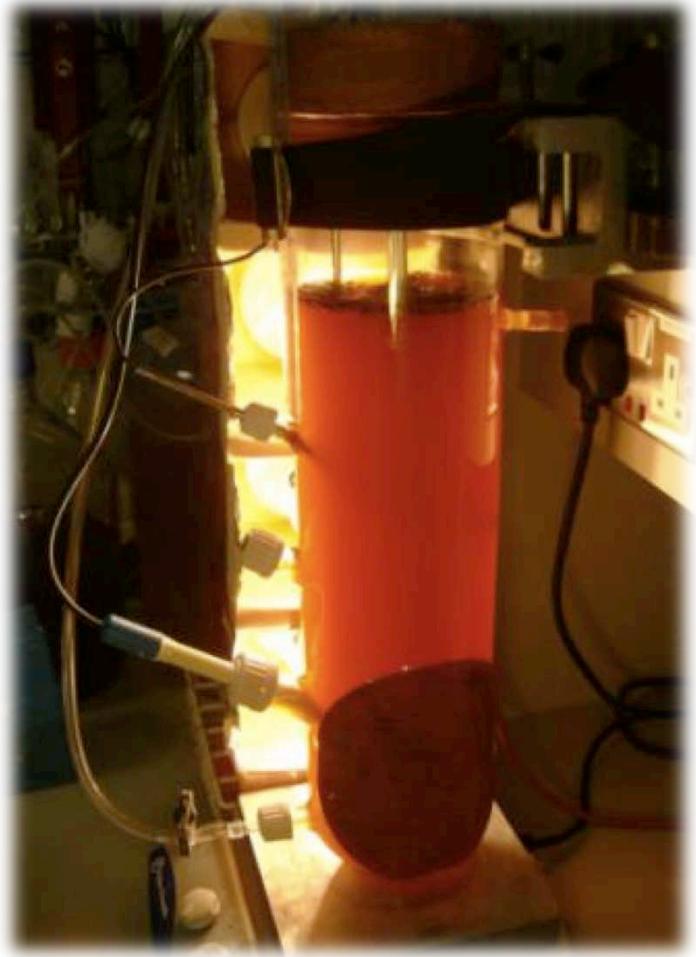
Organic acids

Photo-fermentation



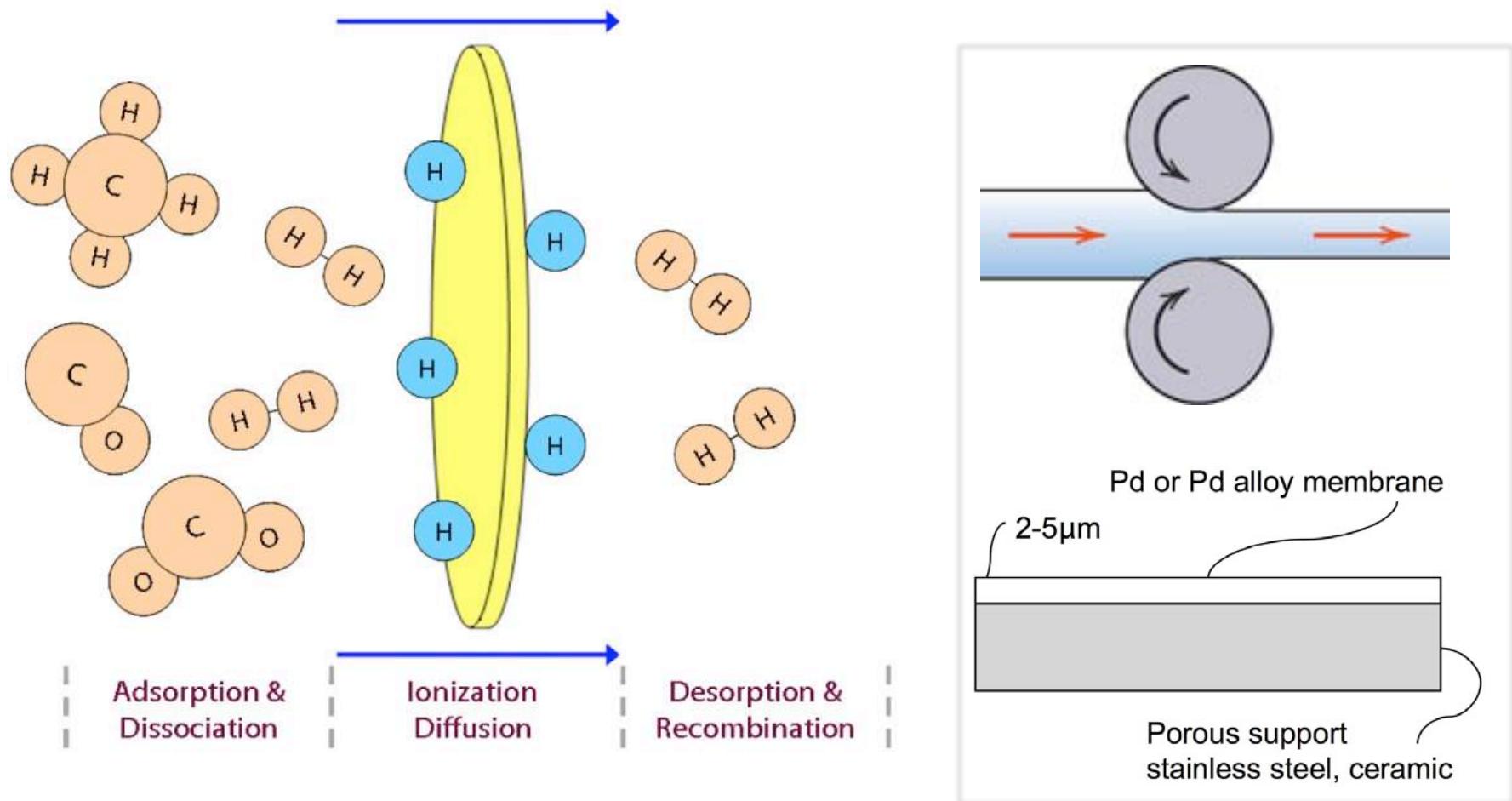
Photofermentation

- Organic acids $\rightarrow \text{H}_2 + \text{CO}_2$
- Light-driven (sunlight)
- *Rhodobacter sphaeroides*
 - Strain O.U.001 (WT)
 - Photobioreactor (PBR)
- High yield, broad range
 - e.g. Lactate $\rightarrow 6 \text{ H}_2$
- H_2 produced by Nitrogenase enzyme
 - Very sensitive to NH_4^+
 - Can use wastes with high C/N



(2) Hydrogen Separation

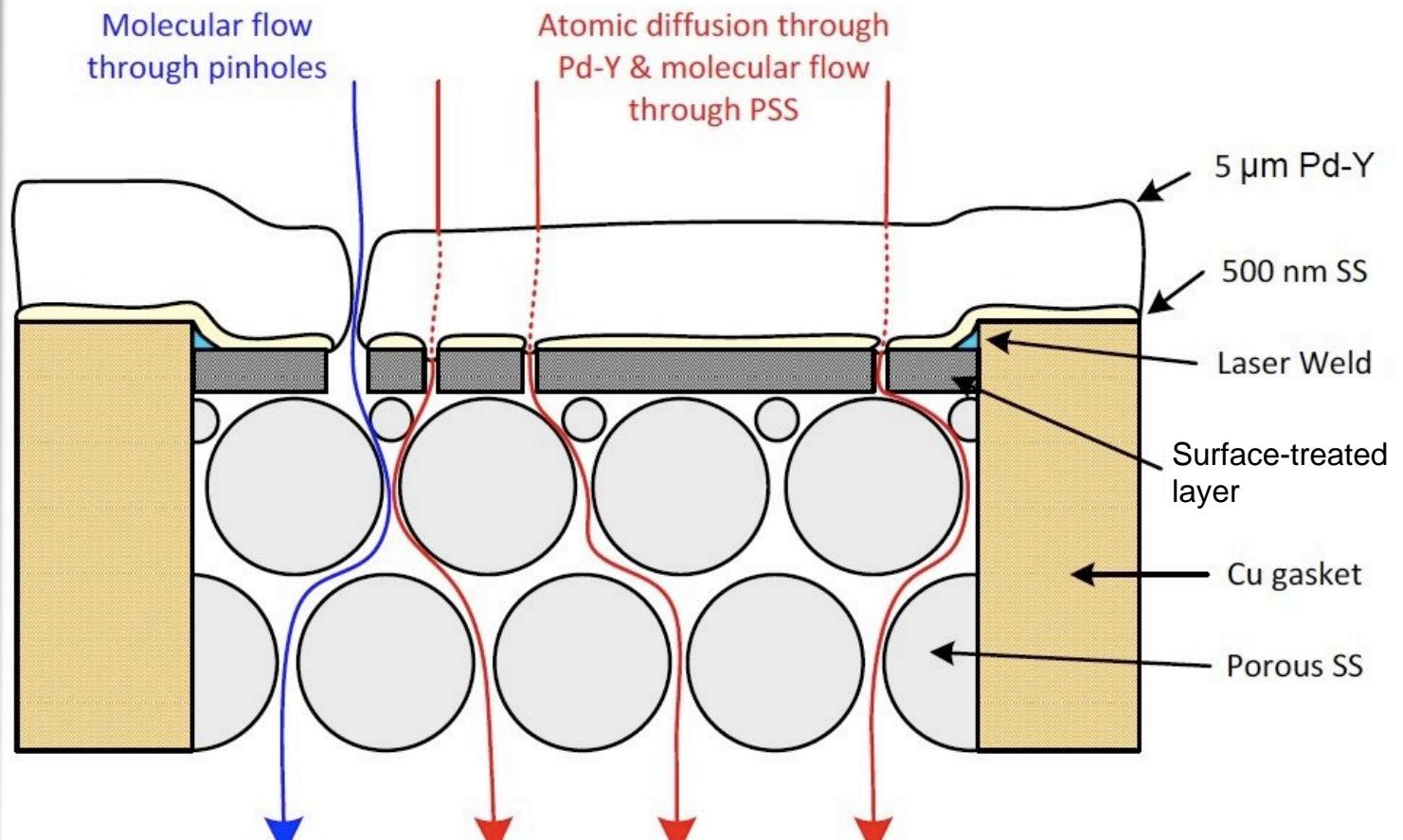
- “Pd membranes provide < 1 ppb purity with any gas quality” - JM



- PEM Fuel Cells are poisoned by: $\text{CO} > 10$ ppm, and Sulphur at ~ 1 ppb
- Combined hydrocarbon reformation / separation reactors
 - (1) Novel Pd-Y-based alloys
 - (2) Non-Pd amorphous alloys
 - (3) Thin-film / PSS composites constructed

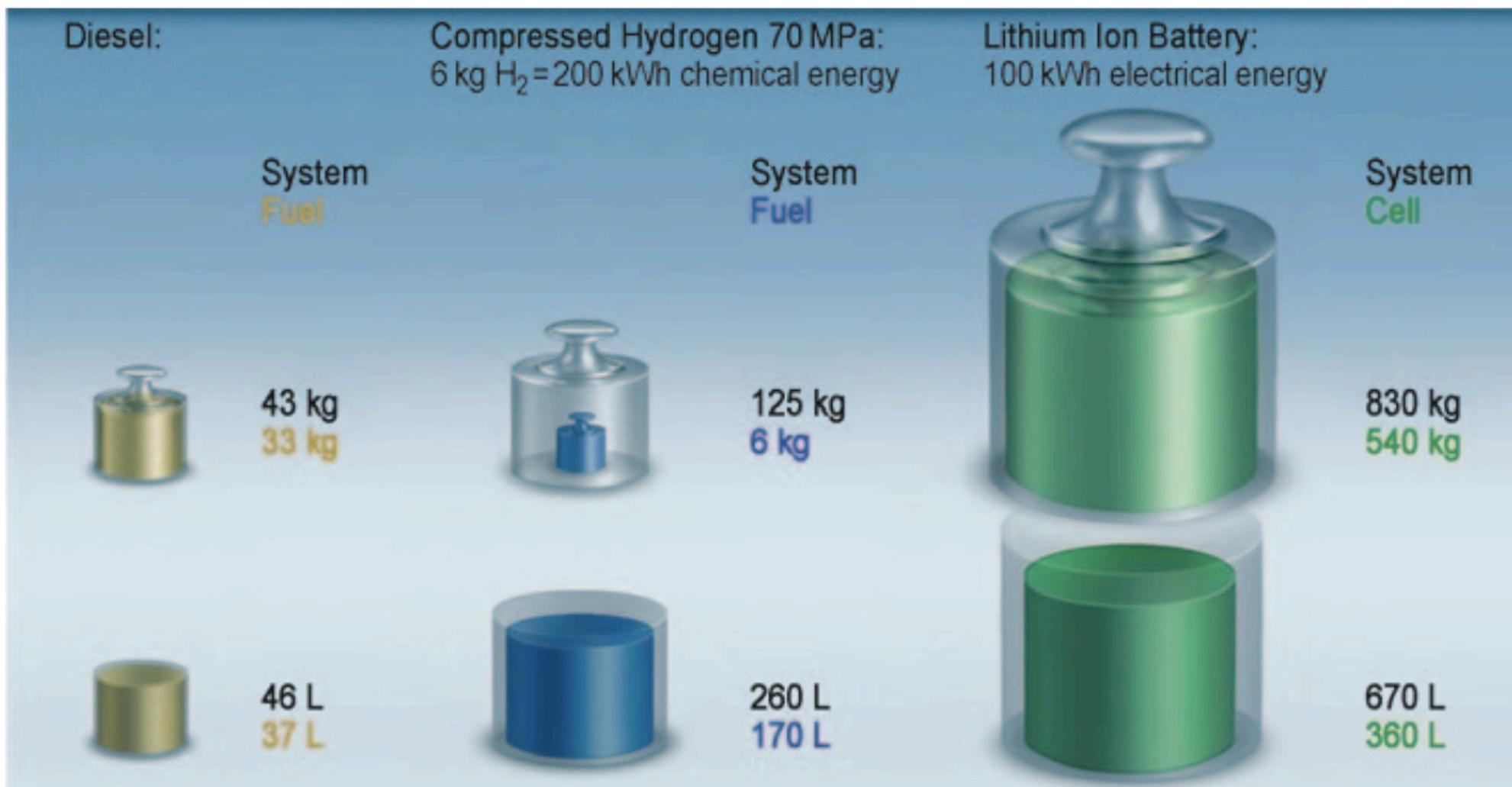


Magnetron Sputterer



- TSB HYPNOMEM project
- Sean Fletcher, PhD Thesis, University of Birmingham (2010)

Weight of energy storage systems to take a car 500 km

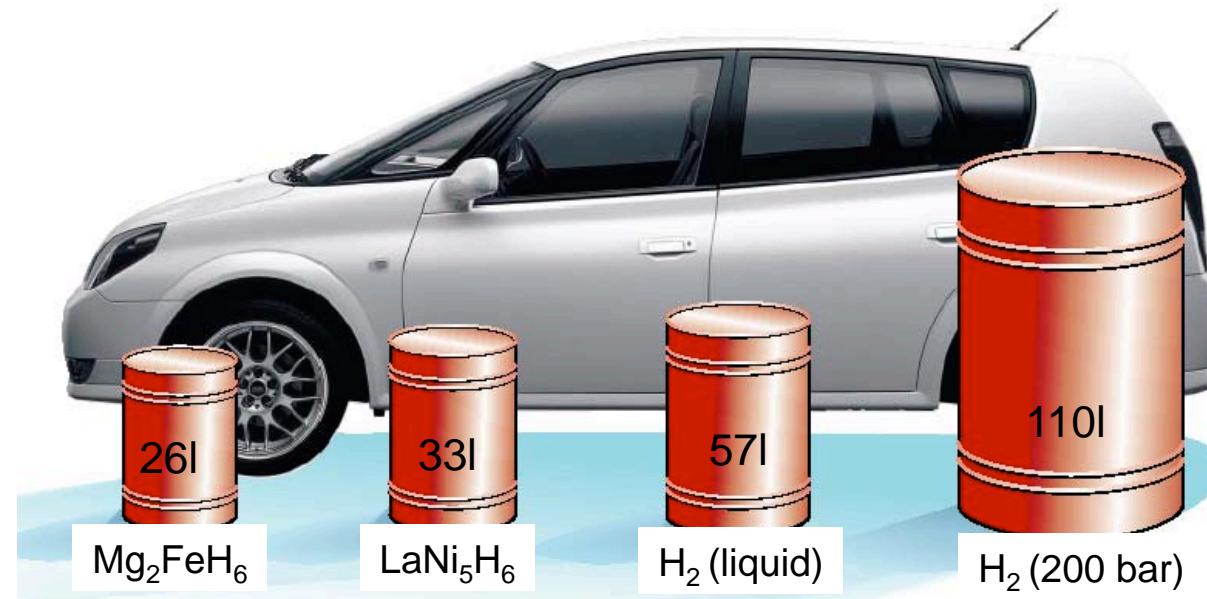


“Chemical and Physical Solutions for Hydrogen Storage”, U. Eberle, M. Felderhoff, F. Schüth, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 48, pp.2 – 25, 2009

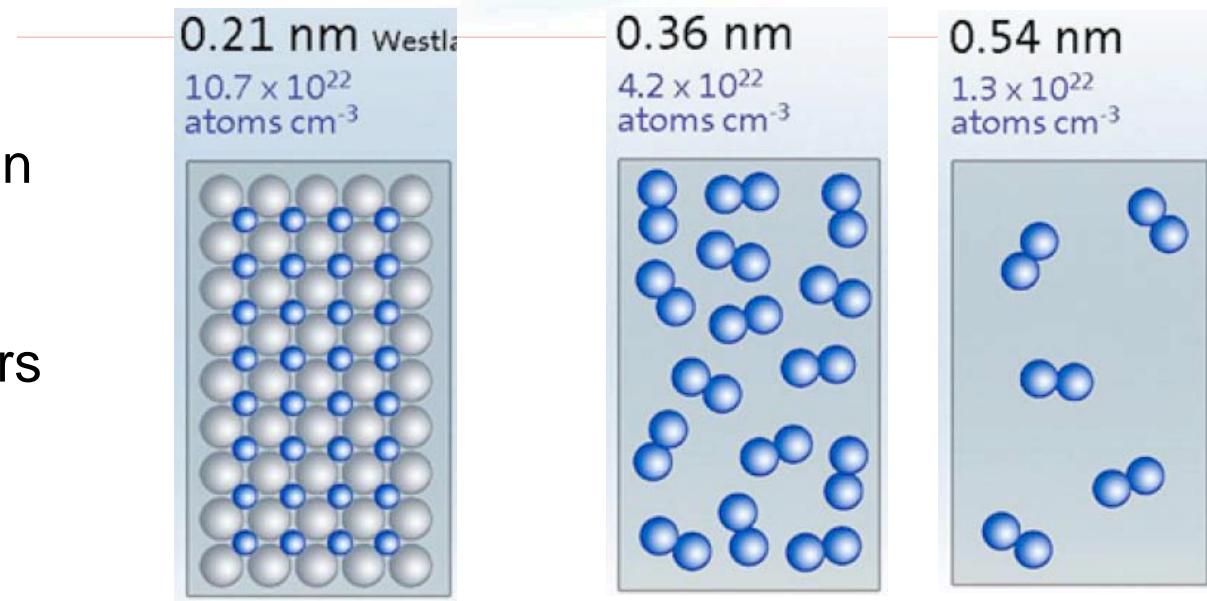
(3) Hydrogen Storage

4 kg hydrogen

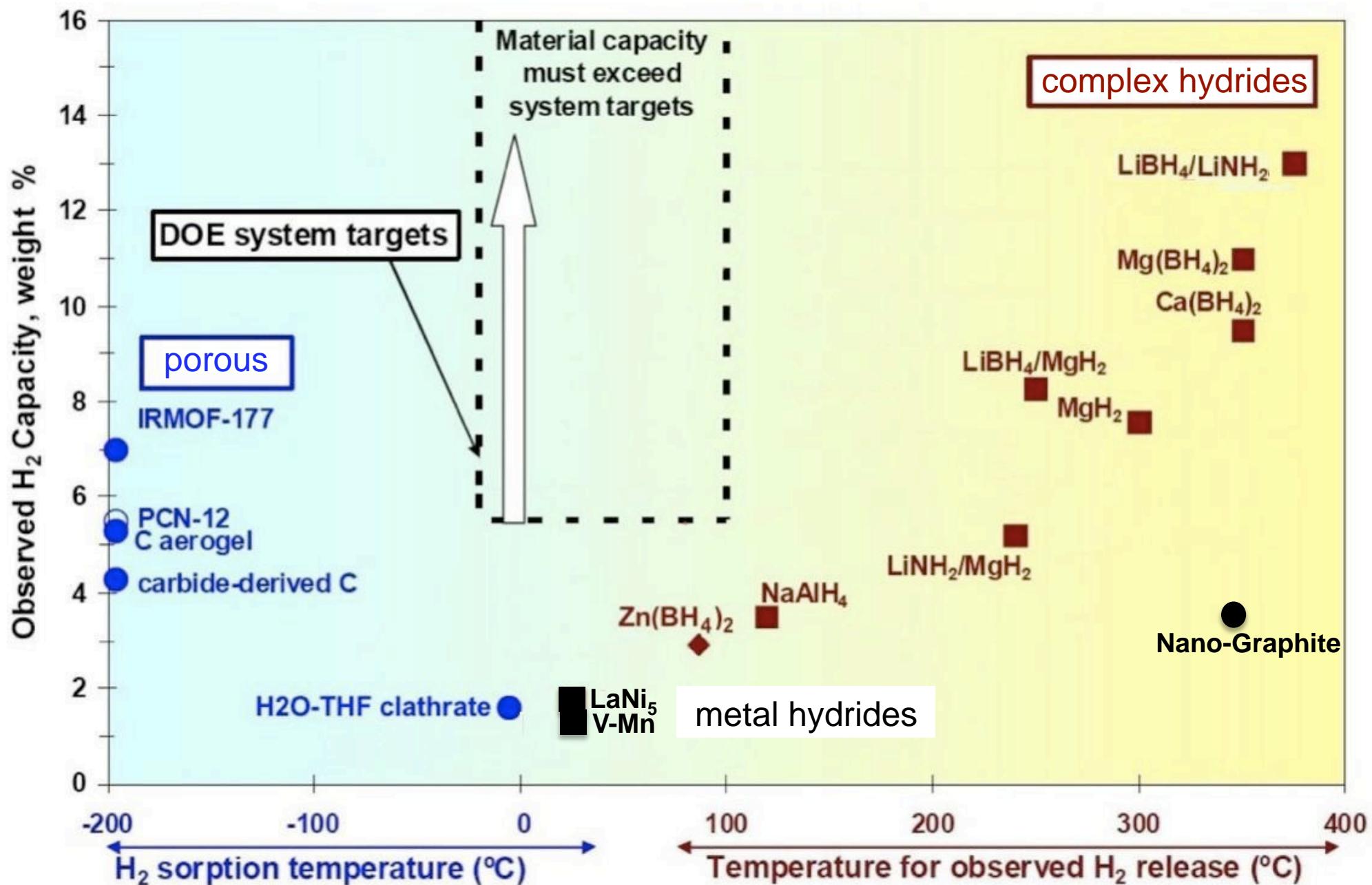
Louis Schlapbach &
Andreas Züttel,
NATURE, 414, p.353,
(2001)



The **volume** of compressed hydrogen tanks can be greatly reduced by using metal hydride powders



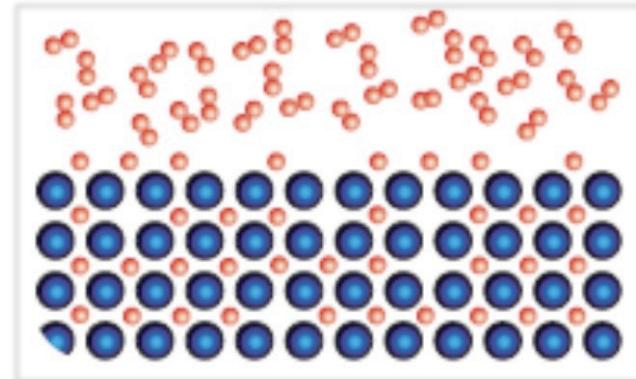
R. von Helmolt, U. Eberle, J. of Power Sources 165 (2), pp.833-843, 2007



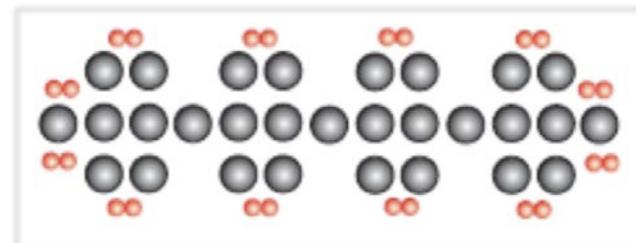
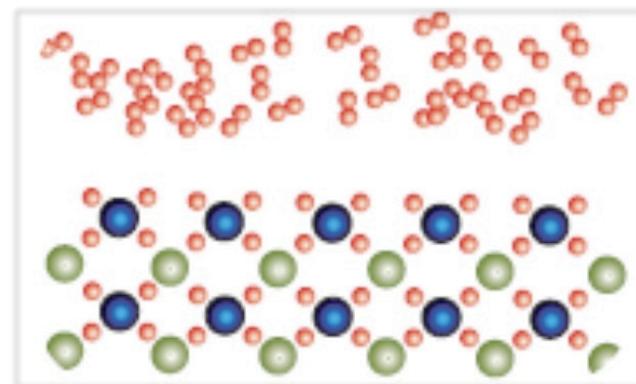
DOE: G. Thomas (2007), G. Sandrock (2008)
(Data edited 2011)

Hydrogen Storage Research

- Metal Hydrides
 - V-Mn alloys – high pressure (M&M)
 - Metal hydride store & compressor design
- Magnesium Alloys
 - Ball-milling & catalysis
 - Thin-film multilayers
- ★ – Rapid solidification
 - Borohydride surface treatment (*Chemistry*)
 - TEM of $\text{MgH}_2 \rightarrow \text{Mg}$ transition (M&M Microscopy)
- Complex Hydrides
 - ★ – Novel Amide-borohydrides (*Chemistry*)
 - Novel TM borohydrides
- ★ – In situ characterisation techniques
- Nanocarbons - ball-milling
- Porous Materials
 - Synthesis of zeolites & MOFs (*Chemistry*)
 - Variable temp H_2 sorption measurements



Figures from: Ned Stetson, 2010 DOE Annual Merit Review, Washington, 8/6/10)



3 Examples: (i) Novel Complex Hydrides

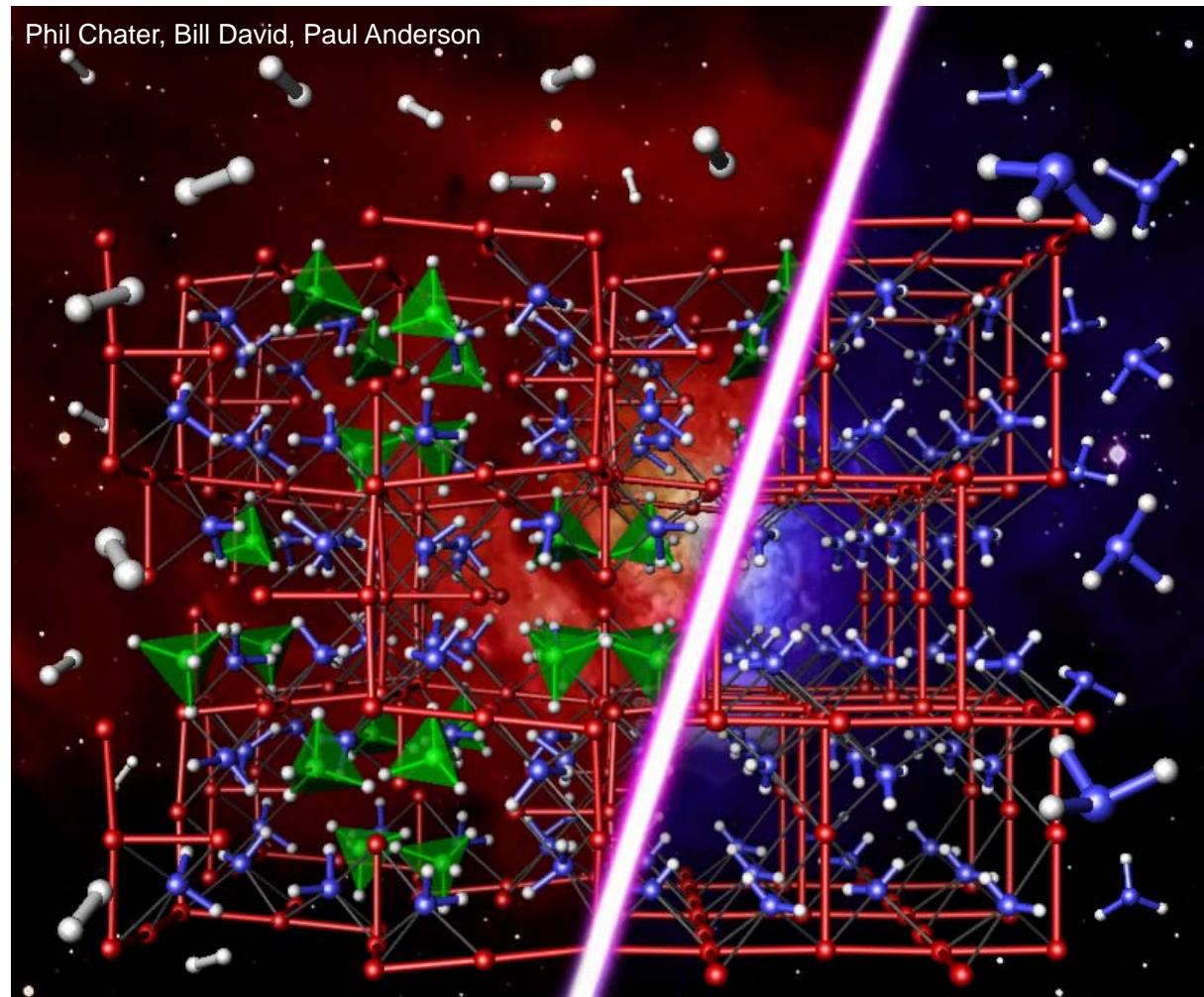
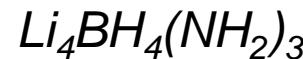
In Chemistry, work is centred on crystal engineering of light metal complex hydrides

LiNH_2 and LiBH_4 powders ground together under Ar, then heated to 190°C.

→ Adding BH_4 into the amide structure, changes the primary decomposition pathway away from NH_3 in favour of H_2

Heating this compound to 250-300°C gives ~6 wt% H_2

- Other new compounds: $\text{Na}_2\text{BH}_4\text{NH}_2$, MgBH_4NH_2 , $\text{Li}(\text{NH}_3)\text{BH}_3\text{NH}_2\text{BH}_3$ and $\text{NaBH}_3\text{NH}_2\text{BH}_3$

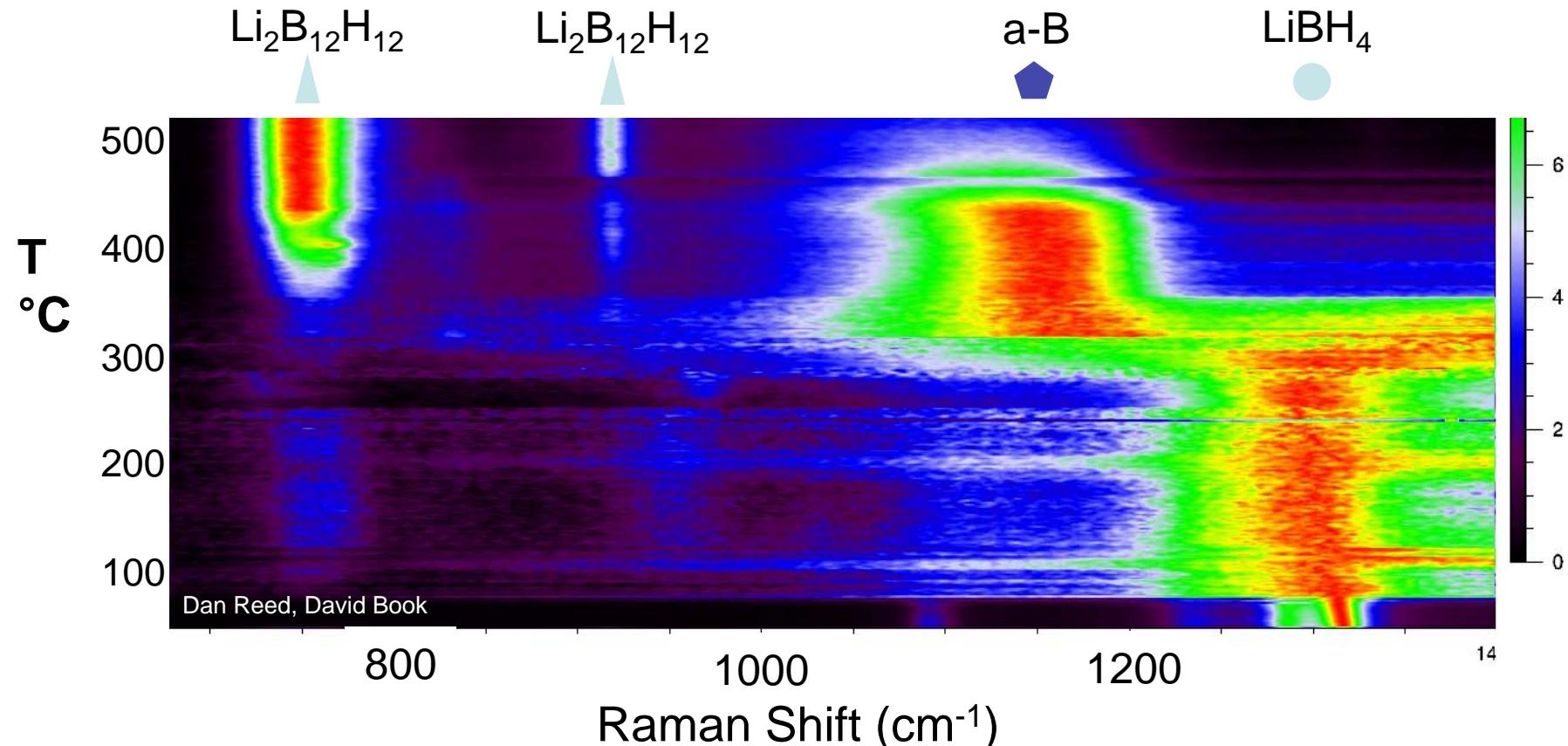


Lithium amide–borohydride

Lithium amide

(ii) In situ characterisation of hydrides

- XRD, Raman, FTIR (Chemistry), DSC, TGA-TPD, Confocal Microscopy
- e.g. In situ Raman spectroscopy of the decomposition of lithium borohydride:



Able to identify in situ intermediate amorphous phases.

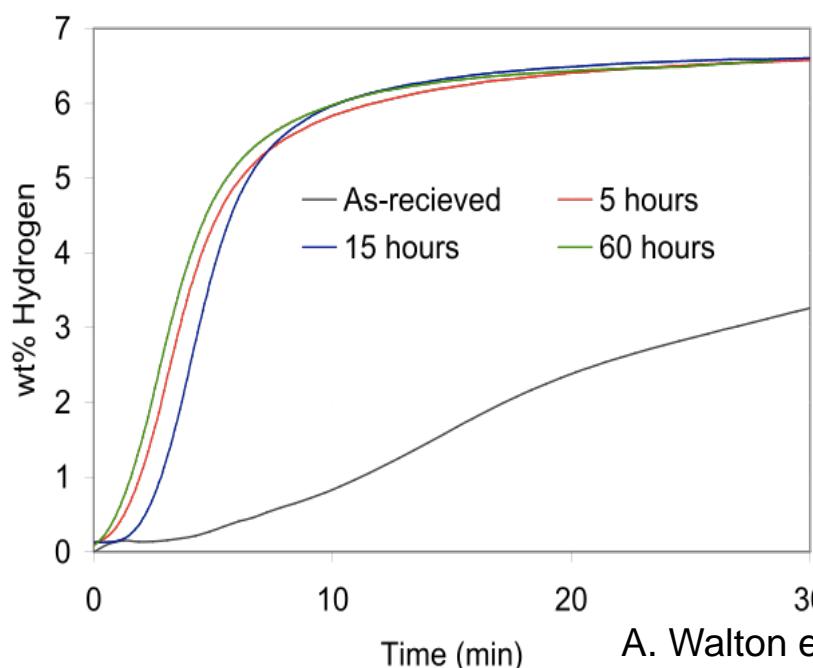
→ could help design complex hydrides that re-absorb H_2 more easily

(iii) Nano-Magnesium Alloys

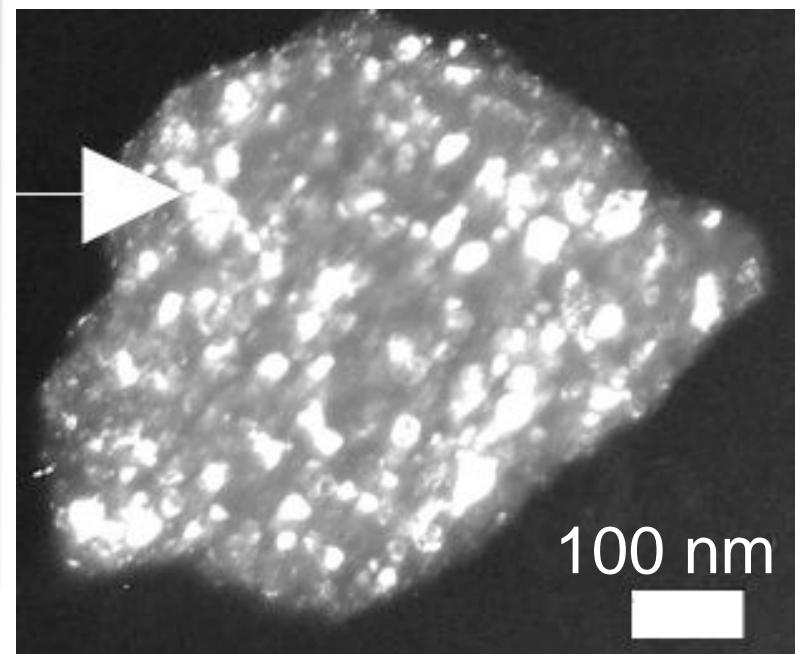
Magnesium can store 7.6 wt% hydrogen, but needs to be heated to $\sim 300^\circ\text{C}$ and H_2 sorption is slow

Mg alloys produced by a range of techniques:

- Ball-milling (*below & right*)
- Doping with PGMs (JM) or borohydrides (Chemistry)
- Thin-film multilayers
- Rapid Solidification



A. Walton et al, Presentation at MH2004

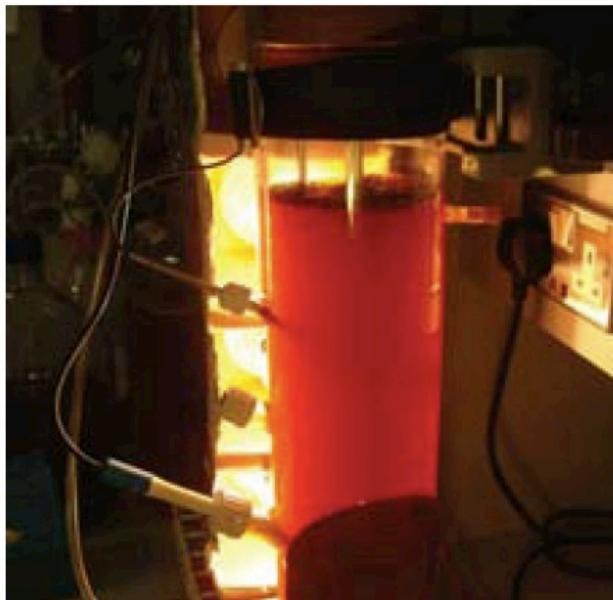


TEM (60 hrs milled)

B. Paik et al, PhD Thesis, Univ Birmingham (2008)

Hydrogen
absorption
 $300^\circ\text{C}, 10 \text{ bar}$

Production



Biohydrogen reactor

Storage



Metal hydride storage

Application



Hydrogen fuel cell vehicle

Economics

Hydrogen energy R&D (& postgraduate teaching) at Birmingham, involves research groups from across the campus, including: Engineering & Physical Sciences; Life & Environmental Sciences; and Social Sciences.

www.hydrogen.bham.ac.uk www.fuelcells.bham.ac.uk www.ierp.bham.ac.uk