

# **Employment and housing: getting the keys to recovery**

Andy Bell, 12 May 2016



- Building a life for yourself on your own terms, with or without symptoms of mental illness"
- Key elements:
  - **Hope** for the future
  - Control over your life (and treatment)
  - Opportunity for a life outside of illness

# Employment



- At least 1m people out of work due to mental ill health
- 7% people using mental health services are in employment
- More than half would like to work
- Work is a key part of recovery for many people

# Individual Placement and Support

Centre for Mental Health

Place then train' approach to employment

- I7 international trials show 50-60% work outcomes
- Postcode lottery in availability of IPS
- Centres of excellence' and 'regional trainer' approach to extending IPS
- Piloting in addiction services, prisons and primary care/IAPT

# **IPS principles**

- No exclusions
- No compulsion
- Rapid, assertive job search based on preference
- Co-located with health support
- Benefits advice
- Time unlimited support in work

# **Economic case for IPS**

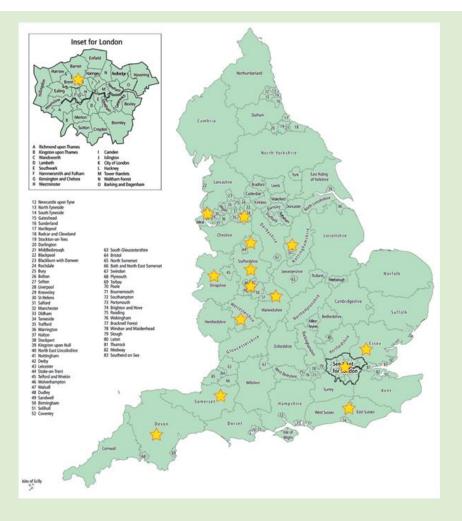
Centre for Mental Health

People in work make less use of health services (eg fewer hospital admissions)
Cost savings estimated at £3,000 a year
One-off cost per person £2,700

#### Current provision of IPS Centre for Mental Health

- Half of mental health service users want help with employment
- About half of them are receiving any (CQC annual survey)
- IPS currently offered by about half of NHS mental health trusts
- Estimated 10,000-20,000 places each year

#### **Centres of Excellence: sharing good practice**



# Housing and mental health



- 80% of people with severe mental illness live in mainstream housing (mostly in social housing)
- But 35% of people on CPA do not have settled accommodation

# **Supported housing**

- Covers a wide range of housing types and forms of support, eg:
  - Crisis houses (to prevent admissions)
  - Support for homeless people (62% have a mental health condition)
  - Step-down housing (eg from secure care)
  - Floating support' in people's own homes

#### Evidence of what works Centre for Mental Health

- Settled accommodation is an important part of recovery
- Supported housing is preferred to sheltered accommodation
- Preferences of service users (eg for autonomy) can be at odds with those of staff and carers (eg for safety)

#### Homelessness



- 62% of homeless people have a mental health condition
- Homelessness 2.8 times more common among people with mental health problems
- Homelessness a major barrier to getting work, eg for people leaving prison
- Housing First has potential to offer better outcomes for same cost

### Welfare advice



- Multiple welfare rights issues affect people with severe mental illness
- Sheffield CAB service located within (and funded by) mental health trust:
  - Cost per client £260
  - Cost of hospital admission £330 per day
  - Cost of a relapse of psychosis £18,000



# Thank you

#### For more information:

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