

## Research

The Centre for Russian, European and Eurasian Studies (CREES) is one of the world's leading research institutes in its field. Established in 1963, CREES is a multi-disciplinary centre with a strong orientation towards the social sciences and history. The Centre has been very successful in obtaining external research grants, for example from the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC), Leverhulme Trust and UK Government departments.

The wide-ranging research programme of the Centre includes studies of Russian, Ukrainian and Central European politics, society and culture, post-socialist economic transformation, the history of Russia and the Soviet Union, and security studies.

Established scholars come to discuss research and collaborative work, and to use the resources of the library. Representatives of government, industry, international organisations and the media also draw on its expertise.

Research in the Centre is concentrated around the various research themes:

- History, Politics and Society of the Soviet Union and its Successor States
- Europe in a Globalised World: East and Central
- Identity, Ethnicity and Citizenship
- Political Economy
- Political Parties

Members of CREES are actively involved in the policy process, with long-established relations with UK government, international organisations, the business community and the media. Scholars wishing to spend time at CREES to undertake research are always welcome.

## Latest research

### **[Security-Democracy Nexus in the Caucasus \(CASCADE\) \(2014-2016\) \(/schools/government-society/departments/russian-east-european-studies/research/projects/2014/cascade.aspx\)](/schools/government-society/departments/russian-east-european-studies/research/projects/2014/cascade.aspx)**

#### Description

The CASCADE project will: 1. scrutinise Caucasian states and societies for the root causes of conflict and insecurity, 2. conduct synergetic research on democracy and security in the Caucasus, 3. analyse the links between the region and its wider neighbourhood, 4. provide forward-looking analysis on regional security and democratisation processes, and 5. develop a set of proposals on how the EU could enhance its role in the region.

### **[Rising Powers and Interdependent Futures \(2013-2015\) \(/research/activity/government-society/rising-powers/index.aspx\)](/research/activity/government-society/rising-powers/index.aspx)**

#### Description

This interdisciplinary project aims to map Russia's governance-related influences in the post-Soviet states in the 'common neighbourhood' with the EU.

### **[Narratives of Violence in the North Caucasus \(2003-\) \(/schools/government-society/departments/russian-east-european-studies/research/projects/archive/narratives-violence-north-caucasus.aspx\)](/schools/government-society/departments/russian-east-european-studies/research/projects/archive/narratives-violence-north-caucasus.aspx)**

#### Description

The aim of this project is to analyse political violence in the North Caucasus. Of particular interest is the way in which aspects of violence in the North Caucasus have inscribed narratives of identity and broader theoretical accounts of transversal politics.

**[More research projects throughout the Centre \(/schools/government-society/departments/russian-east-european-studies/research/projects/index.aspx\)](/schools/government-society/departments/russian-east-european-studies/research/projects/index.aspx)**