

The new FEH rainfall DDF model: results, comparisons and implications

Lisa Stewart, Gianni Vesuviano, Dave Morris and Ilaria Prosdocimi CEH Wallingford





Outline of presentation

- Rainfall depth-durationfrequency (DDF) models
- Why revise the FEH rainfall DDF model?
- Development of FEH13 model and results
- FEH web service
- Conclusions and next steps



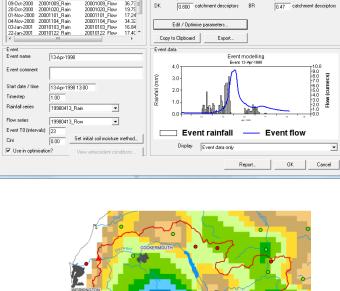


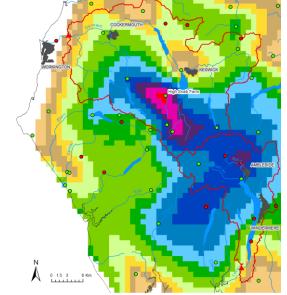


Rainfall DDF models in the UK

Used to estimate *total event* rainfall of a particular duration (a few minutes to several days) that corresponds to a particular return period (probability):

- Design storm inputs to rainfall-runoff model e.g. ReFH
- Post event analysis e.g.
 Boscastle (2004), Cumbria (2009)





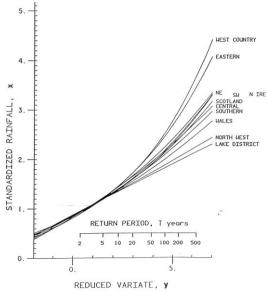


The Flood Studies Report (FSR) model

FSR was published in 1975

- Based on paper maps and tables
- Over-generalised masks important local and regional variations
- Includes PMP estimates





Typical growth curves for 1-day rainfall (from Dales & Reed, 1989)





The Flood Estimation Handbook (FEH)

The FSR was superseded by the FEH in 1999 incorporating:

- Digital datasets
- Longer records of rainfall and river flows
- Flexible regionalisation
- Rainfall model presented in Vol.2 based on FORGEX methodology
- Rainfall model implemented on FEH CD-ROM





Why revise the FEH rainfall DDF model?

FEH/FSR comparisons for reservoir safety:

- Rainfall model results diverge significantly at 10,000-year return periods (FEH > FSR)
- In some cases FEH > PMP from FSR
- MacDonald & Scott (2000, 2001):
 - Conclude that problems stem from extrapolation of line of best fit (DDF model rather than statistical analysis)
- Babtie Group (2000):
 - FEH estimates found to be > 50% greater in many upland areas in west and in much of Eastern England
 - Ratios greatest for T=10,000 years





Development of FEH13 model

- Reservoir Safety Long Return Period Rainfall (Defra/EA Project FD2613)
- Duration: 1-192 hours
- Return period: 2 10,000+ years

- delivering benefits
 through evidence

 fource pathway receptor

 Reservoir Safety Long Return Period
 Rainfall

 Volume 1 Technical Report (Part 2)

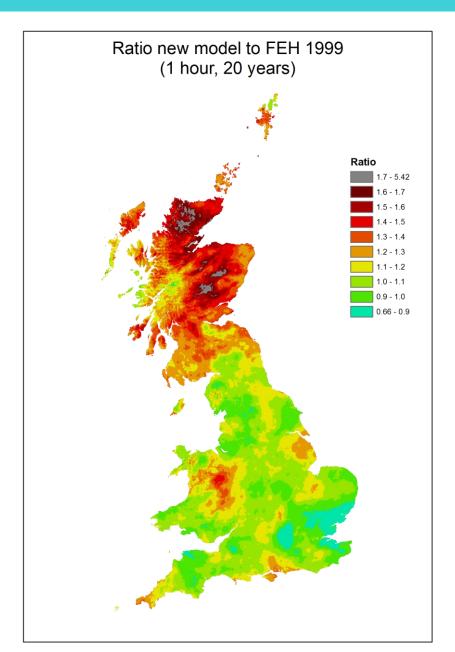
 Project: FD2613 WIS 194/2/39

 Road and Canalal Dresion Rich Management Research, and Development Pregnance
- Complex statistical analysis of extensive dataset of annual and seasonal maxima
- Revised standardisation of annual maxima prior to pooling
- Improved model of spatial dependence
- Changes to the pooling methodology
- Subsequent work has refined the model and smoothed the results across the UK on a 1-km grid





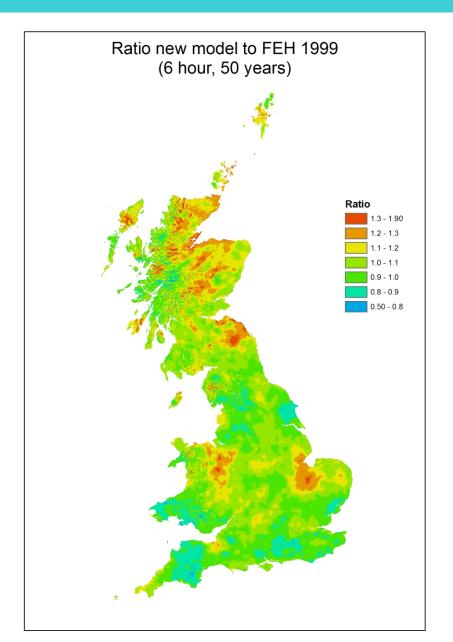
Example results 1







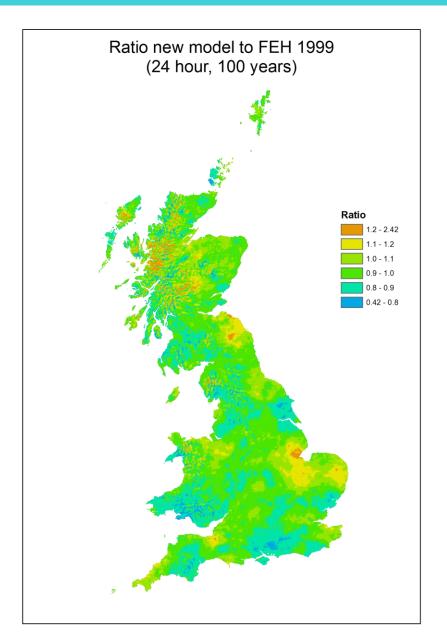
Example results 2







Example results 3







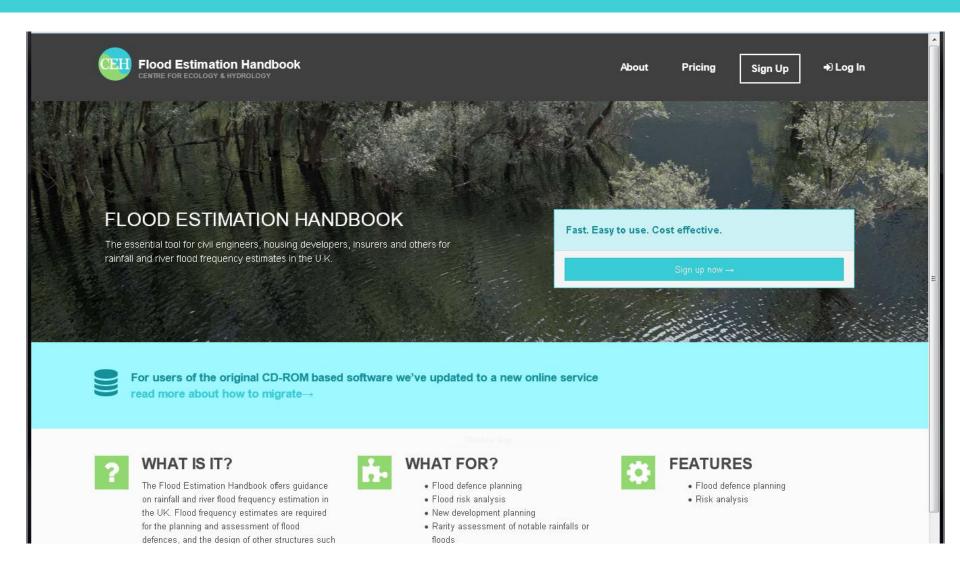
FEH web service

- Currently under development to deliver FEH catchment descriptors and DDF rainfall model outputs
- Will replace FEH CD-ROM 3
- Planned to include FEH13, FEH1999 and FSR rainfall models as well as FSR PMP values
- Pay-per-view system
- Currently at proof of concept stage
- Beta test version February 2015





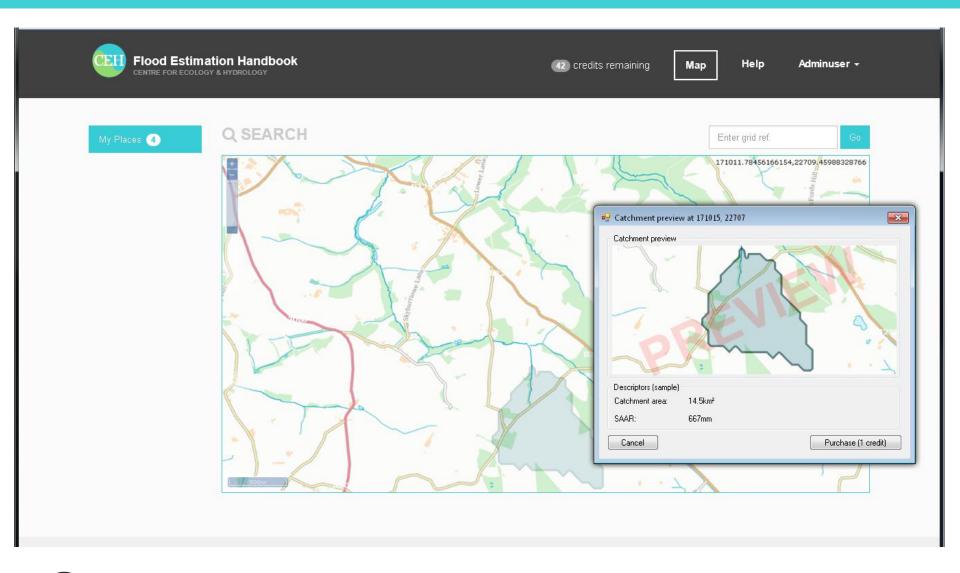
FEH web service







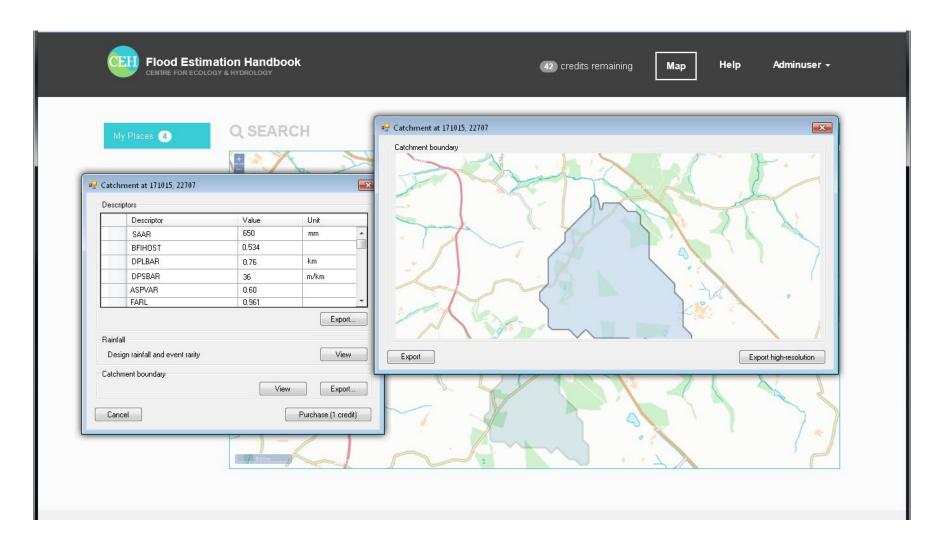
Map view







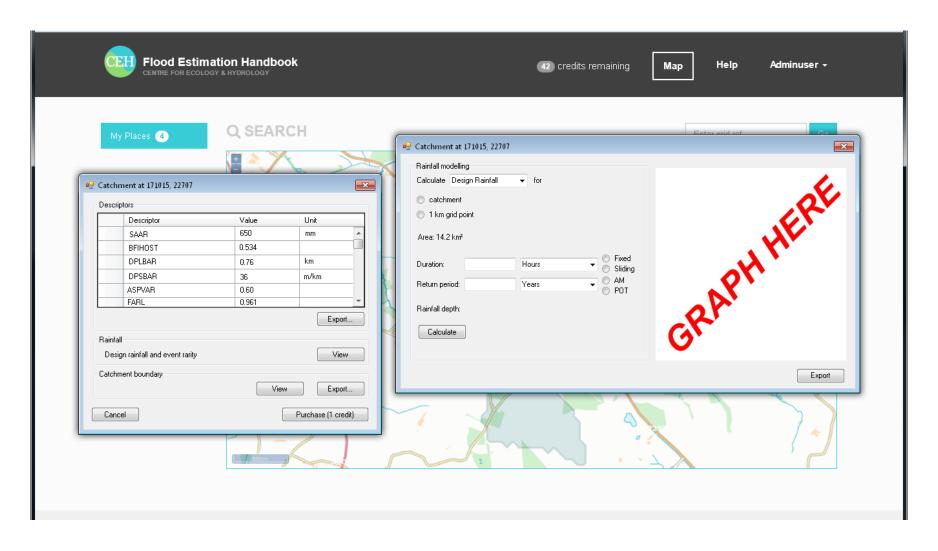
Map with full catchment descriptors







Rainfall model outputs







Summary

- FEH13 DDF model will replace existing FEH rainfall model for complete range of durations and return periods
- Complex statistical analysis that underlies the new model was peer reviewed by eminent scientists on Project Advisory Group
- More recent developments will be published shortly as report(s) and journal papers
- ReFH rainfall-runoff method will require recalibration/re-evaluation
- FEH web service to be available during 2015





Further information: ejs@ceh.ac.uk

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