

Hospital Code



Woman's study number:

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Woman and Infant data collection booklet

Please complete in black ballpoint pen

Eligibility criteria

- 16 years of age or older
- ≥ 37 weeks' gestation
- Nulliparous (no previous delivery $\geq 24+0$ weeks' gestation)
- Singleton cephalic presentation
- Intend spontaneous vaginal birth
- In second stage of labour, confirmed by vaginal examination (VE)
- With a low dose epidural, sited in the first stage of labour, providing effective pain relief
- Able to understand written and spoken English

Addressograph

or

Woman's name:

Woman's address:

Woman's Hospital ID number:

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Woman's NHS number (if known)

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Part 1

Data to be collected at time of occurrence.

Section 1: Eligibility checklist

Please complete this section before logging on to the BUMPES website to obtain the study number.

- 1.1 What is the woman's date of birth? / /
- 1.2 What is the expected date of delivery (EDD)? / /
- 1.3 Hospital number:
- 1.4 Is the woman nulliparous (no previous delivery greater than or equal to 24+0 weeks' gestation)? Yes No
- 1.5 Is this a singleton cephalic presentation? Yes No
- 1.6 Is spontaneous vaginal birth intended? Yes No
- 1.7 Is the woman in the second stage of labour, confirmed by VE? Yes No
- 1.8 Is a low dose epidural, sited in the first stage of labour, providing effective pain relief? Yes No
- 1.9 Is the woman able to understand written and spoken English? Yes No

If all the criteria are fulfilled, the woman in your care is eligible to participate in the BUMPES study.

Please ensure that the consent form for participation in the study has been signed prior to randomisation. The original consent form should be sent back to the coordinating centre. A copy of the consent form should be given to the woman, a copy should be filed in the study site file and a copy should be filed in the woman's notes.

- 1.10 Has the woman given written consent for participation in BUMPES? Yes No

Name of person completing this section of the form:

Name: (Print) _____ Signature: _____

Section 2: Randomisation

After completion of section 1, log on to the BUMPES randomisation website via the internet: <https://rct.npeu.ox.ac.uk/bumpes> and follow the instructions on the screen.

The randomisation system will provide you with a unique study number and group allocation for the woman in your care. Please enter these below.

2.1 Study number:

2.2 Group allocation: (Please tick only one) Upright **OR** Lying down

2.3 Date and time of randomisation: / / : 24hr

Please go to section 4.1 and record the woman's position prior to study entry.

Then support and encourage the woman to assume the allocated position. Once the woman's position is established, record the start time in the row marked '0'.

Section 3: Pain and Pain Relief at Study Entry

3.1 How painful was the woman's last contraction at its peak?

Using the "Visual Analogue Scale" slide rule in your recruitment pack, ask the woman in your care to rate how painful her last contraction was at its peak. Explain to her that "0" represents "No pain at all" and "100" represents "The worst pain imaginable".

VAS recording: (0-100)

3.2 Can the woman perform a "Straight leg raise" with one leg? Yes No

3.3 Was the epidural pain relief maintained with PCEA/infusion up until study entry? Yes No

If Yes, please record the pump reading at study entry: ml

Please note: you will need to make a note of the pump reading post birth (in section 5) prior to turning the pump off or disposing of the infusion bag.

Section 4: Maternal position recordings after study entry

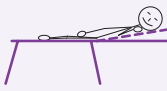
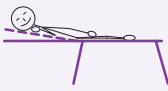


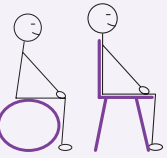
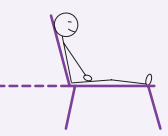
This section records the actual position that a woman adopts after study entry. It provides the study with information which cannot be retrieved at a later time. Therefore, it is important that it is filled in as accurately as possible during labour.

4.1 Please record maternal position every quarter of an hour after entry to the study.

At the end of each time interval, please note down the position that the woman in your care has adopted for the majority of the previous 15 minutes, by ticking the relevant box in the position chart. The images above the matrix act as a guide to chart completion.

Group allocation (as recorded on page 3):

Upright OR Lying down

		Predominant maternal position in last 15 minutes						
		Lying (elevation of head of bed up to a maximum of 30°)				Sitting		
		Left lateral	Right lateral	Tilted with a wedge		Out of bed	In bed	
				Wedge on left side	Wedge on right side			
Study time (min)	Actual time (24h)							
Position prior to study entry		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
0	:							
15	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
30	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
45	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
60	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
75	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
90	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
105	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
120	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
135	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
150	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
165	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
180	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
195	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
210	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
225	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
240	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
255	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
270	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
285	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
300	:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

4.1 Maternal position at time of birth

Upright Lying down Lithotomy Other

If Other, please describe _____

Section 5: Pain and Pain Relief after Study Entry

5.1 Was PCEA/infusion used after study entry?

Yes No

If Yes, please record the concentration of the epidural solution given and record the PCEA pump reading at time of delivery:

Bupivacaine . %

Fentanyl µg/ml

Pump reading ml

5.2 How painful was the birth of the woman's baby?

Using the "Visual Analogue Scale" slide rule in your BUMPES recruitment pack, ask the woman in your care to rate how painful the birth of her baby was. Explain to her that "0" represents "No pain at all" and "100" represents "The worst pain imaginable".

VAS recording: (0-100)

Section 6: Maternal labour and birth questionnaire

Please ask the woman to complete the questionnaire entitled 'Your labour and birth experience' as soon as practicable while she is in the delivery suite.

Please confirm that the questionnaire was given to the woman by ticking this box:

Name and signature of person who completed Part 1:

Name: (Print) _____ Signature: _____

What to do now:-

Please either complete Part 2 of this form or put it in the midwives recruitment envelope and place in the designated area for the research midwife to complete.

Part 2

Section 1: Information about the woman at study entry

Maternal characteristics

1.1 Maternal ethnic group:

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| White – British/Irish | <input type="checkbox"/> | Asian – Indian | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| White – Other | <input type="checkbox"/> | Asian – Pakistani | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Mixed – White and Black Caribbean | <input type="checkbox"/> | Asian – Bangladeshi | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Mixed – White and Black African | <input type="checkbox"/> | Asian – Other | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Mixed – White and Asian | <input type="checkbox"/> | Black – Caribbean | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Mixed – Other | <input type="checkbox"/> | Black – African | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Chinese | <input type="checkbox"/> | Black – Other | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Any other ethnic category | <input type="checkbox"/> | Not known | <input type="checkbox"/> |

1.2 Booking weight: kg **OR** stones lbs **OR** tick if not known

1.3 Height: cm **OR** feet inches **OR** tick if not known

1.4 Has the woman undergone FGM? Yes No

Information on this pregnancy and labour

1.5 Was the onset of labour: Spontaneous **OR** Induced

1.6 What was the duration of first stage? hours mins

1.7 What was the date and time of VE diagnosing second stage? (Full cervical dilatation = 10cm) / / : :
24hr

1.8 Was there any maternal diagnosis of pre-eclampsia? Yes No

1.9 Was continuous electronic fetal monitoring used prior to study entry? Yes No

1.10 Was there a diagnosis of delay made prior to study entry? Yes No

If Yes, which of the following interventions were used? None

ARM

Syntocinon

Pain relief up until study entry

1.11 Were any systemic opioids given in labour prior to epidural pain relief? Yes No

If Yes, which drug was given? (Please tick all that apply):

Pethidine
 Diamorphine Remifentanyl
 Morphine Other

If Other, please specify _____

1.12 What epidural technique was used? (Please tick only one)

Epidural OR Combined Spinal Epidural

1.13 Date and time first dose epidural/spinal pain relief given: / / :

24hr

Section 2: Events after study entry

Please refer to time of randomisation to ensure that events recorded in this section did occur after study entry.

2.1 Were any epidural drugs administered by “top-up” after study entry? Yes No

Please do not include top-ups given for instrumental delivery or caesarean section.

If yes, please provide details below:

Time	Local Anaesthetic		Opioid		Volume (ml)
	Drug	% Conc.	Drug	µg/ml	
:					
:					
:					
:					
:					

2.2 Was augmentation (syntocinon) commenced after study entry? Yes No

2.3 Was fetal blood sampling performed after study entry? Yes No

2.4 Was a fetal scalp clip applied for the first time after study entry? Yes No

2.5 Did the woman complain of dizziness after study entry? Yes No

2.6 Did maternal hypotension occur after study entry?
 Systolic blood pressure <100 mm Hg at any time Yes No

2.7 Were any drugs to increase the woman’s blood pressure given after study entry? Yes No

These are known as vasopressors and include ephedrine, phenylephrine and metaraminol (aramine). They are usually only administered by anaesthetists for severe maternal hypotension.

Section 3: Birth details

3.1 Date and time pushing commenced:

DD / MM / YY hh : mm
24hr

3.2 Date and time of birth:

DD / MM / YY hh : mm
24hr

3.3 Mode of birth: *(Please tick only one)*

Spontaneous vaginal birth

Instrumental vaginal birth

Forceps

Ventouse

If instrumental birth, was this in theatre? Yes No

Caesarean section

If caesarean section, give category

(as per RCOG guidelines, see back page of booklet) 1 2 3

3.4 Primary indication for assisted (non-spontaneous) birth: *(Please tick only one)*

Fetal distress

Failure to progress

Breech presentation

Other.

If Other, please specify _____

3.5 Was anaesthesia required for instrumental birth or caesarean section?

This refers to anaesthesia additional to the routine epidural pain relief given in labour

Yes No

If Yes, please record the additional anaesthetic technique used: *(Please tick all that apply)*

Local infiltration

Pudendal (cervical) block

High dose epidural top-up

Spinal anaesthesia

General anaesthesia

3.6 Was active management of third stage required?

Yes No

3.7 Was an episiotomy performed?

Yes No

3.8 Was any perineal tear evident after birth, including perineal tear with episiotomy?

Yes No

If Yes, please record using standard classification system recommended by the 2007 NICE Intrapartum guidelines, see back page of booklet.

Severity: Degree: 1 2 3a 3b 3c 4

3.9 Was the perineum sutured?

Yes No

3.10 Was any anterior tear evident after birth?

Yes No

If Yes, was any anterior tear sutured?

Yes No

3.11 Was manual removal of the placenta performed?

Yes No

3.12 Was there a post-partum haemorrhage requiring blood transfusion?

(Whole blood or packed cells)

Yes No

If Yes, how many units were transfused?

3.13 Date and time of maternal discharge from delivery/birth centre care:

/ / : 24hr

3.14 Maternal destination after leaving delivery/birth centre:

- Home (early discharge)
- Ward
- High Dependency Unit (HDU)
- Intensive Care Unit (ICU)
- Other

If Other, please specify _____

Infant outcomes

3.15 Infant's hospital ID number:

3.16 Infant's NHS number: (if known)

3.17 Apgar score at 5 minutes:

3.18 Birth weight:

g

3.19 Umbilical cord pH and base deficit at birth: (if done)

If paired samples taken record arterial sample.

pH . base deficit . mmol/l **OR** tick if not done

3.20 Was meconium stained liquor noted at birth?

Yes No

3.21 Was neonatal resuscitation required at birth?

Yes No

If Yes, please tick all that apply:

- Facial oxygen
- Suction
- Bag and mask ventilation
- Intubation
- Complex resuscitation

3.22 Was skin-to-skin contact achieved in the first hour?

Yes No

3.23 Did the woman initiate breastfeeding within the first hour of birth?

Yes No

3.24 Infant's destination immediately after leaving the delivery/birth centre: (Please tick only one)

- Home (early discharge)
- Ward
- Transitional care
- Neonatal unit

Section 4: Maternal and Neonatal Discharge and Higher Level of Care Information

- 4.1 Date and time of maternal discharge from hospital: / / : 24hr
- 4.2 Date and time of infant discharge from hospital: / / : 24hr
- 4.3 Was the woman admitted to a higher level of care (high dependency / intensive care) during her hospital stay? Yes No
- 4.4 Was the infant admitted to a higher level of care (transitional care / neonatal unit) during their hospital stay? Yes No

Name and signature of person who completed Part 2:

Name: *(Print)* _____ Signature: _____

What to do now:-

Please put the completed booklet into the midwives recruitment envelope and place in the designated area.

Thank you for completing this form

BUMPES Co-ordinating Centre

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Email: bumpes@ucl.ac.uk

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Definitions

EDD: Use the best estimate (dates or ultrasound) based on a 40 week gestation

RCOG Caesarean section classifications

1. Immediate threat to the life of the woman or fetus
2. Maternal or fetal compromise which was not immediately life-threatening
3. No maternal or fetal compromise but needs early delivery
4. Delivery timed to suit woman or staff (*not applicable for BUMPES*)

2007 NICE Intrapartum guidelines on perineal trauma

1. First degree – injury to skin only
2. Second degree – injury to the perineal muscles but not the anal sphincter
3. Third degree – injury to the perineum involving the anal sphincter complex:
 - a. Less than 50% of external anal sphincter thickness torn
 - b. More than 50% of external anal sphincter thickness torn
 - c. Internal anal sphincter torn
4. Fourth degree – injury to the perineum involving the anal sphincter complex (external and internal anal sphincter) and anal epithelium